

The Intertestamental Period

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The Babylonian Period

- 626-539 BC

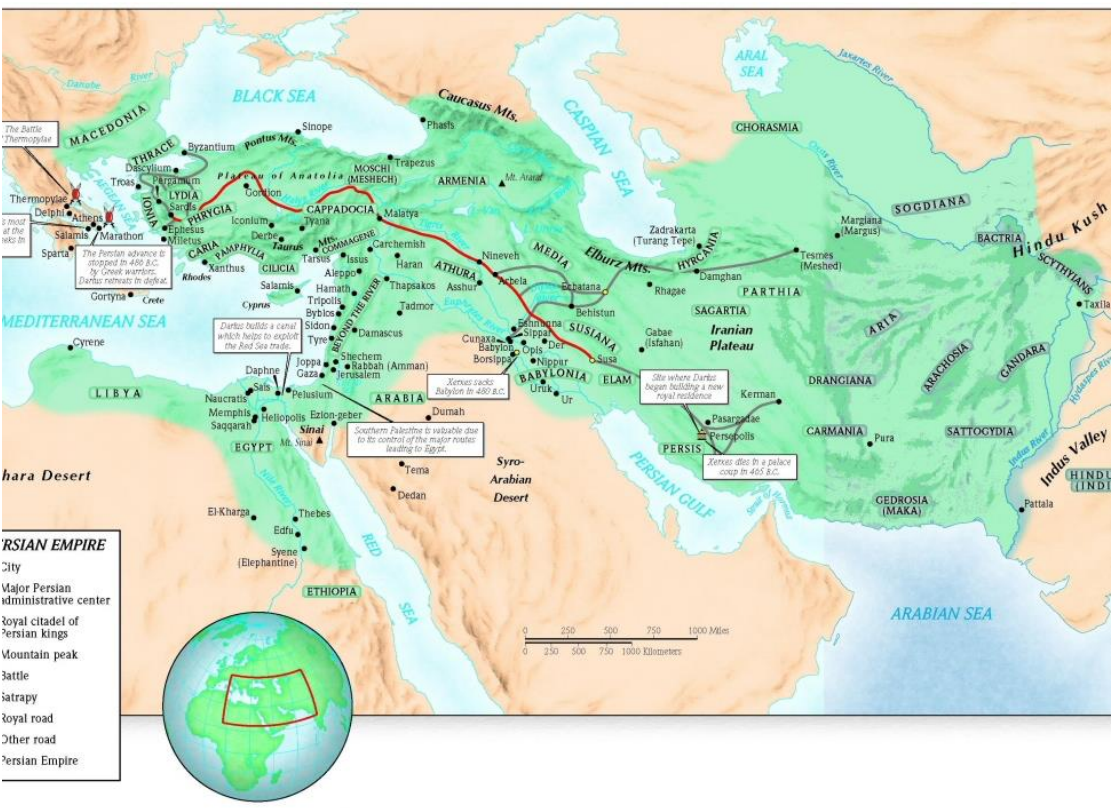


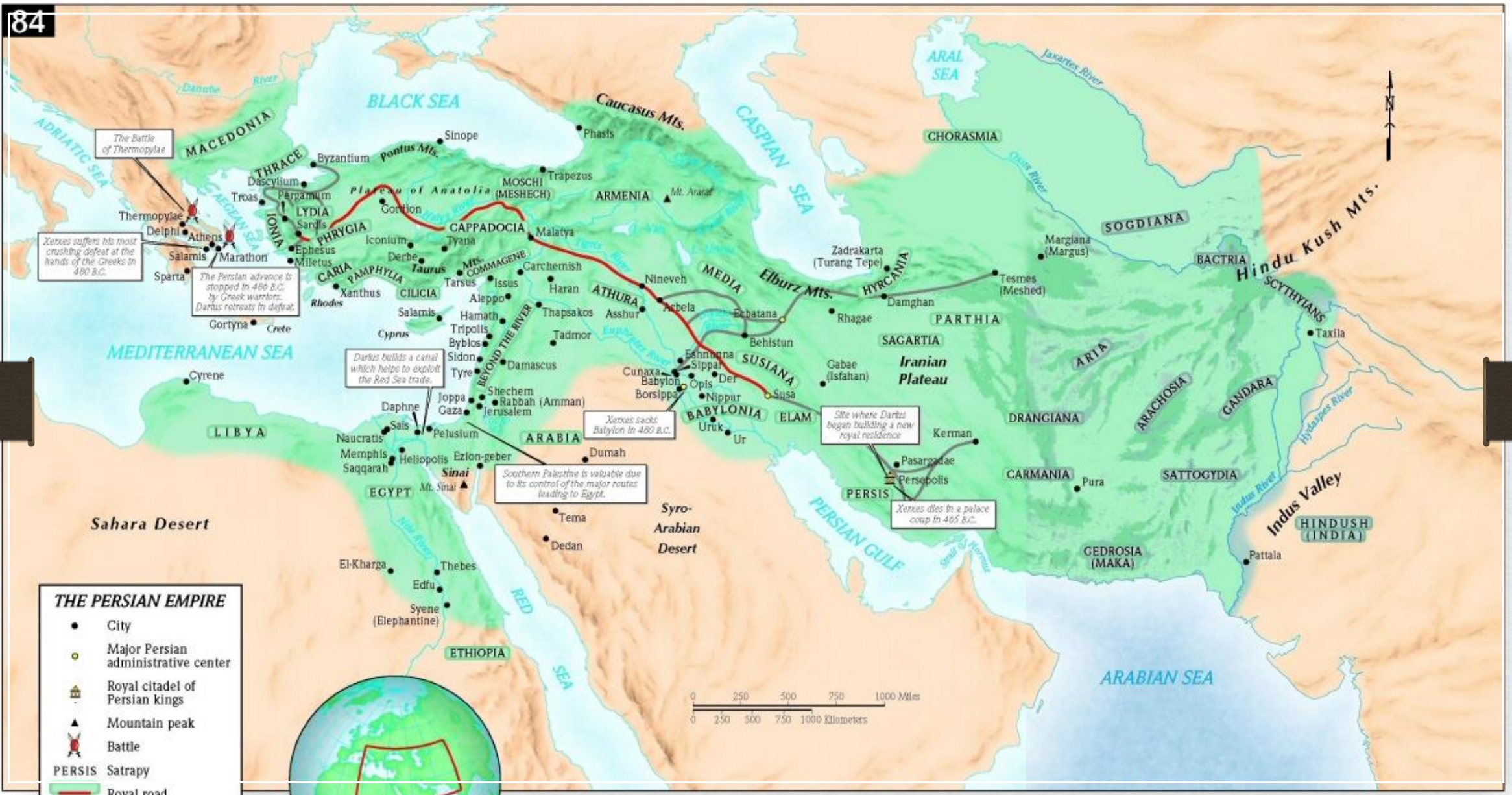
WORLD POWERS OF THE SIXTH CENTURY

- City
- Modern city
- ★ Kingdom capital
- ▲ Mountain peak

The Persian Period

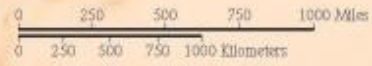
- 539-331 BC





THE PERSIAN EMPIRE

- City
- Major Persian administrative center
- 🏰 Royal citadel of Persian kings
- ▲ Mountain peak
- ⚔ Battle
- ▭ PERSIS Satrapy
- Royal road



The Battle of Thermopylae

Xerxes suffers his most crushing defeat at the hands of the Greeks in 480 B.C.

The Persian advance is stopped in 480 B.C. by Greek warriors. Darius retreats in defeat.

Darius builds a canal which helps to exploit the Red Sea trade.

Xerxes sacks Babylon in 482 B.C.

Site where Darius began building a new royal residence

Xerxes dies in a palace coup in 465 B.C.

Southern Palestine is valuable due to its control of the major routes leading to Egypt.

The Grecian Period

- 331-320 BC





ALEXANDER THE GREAT'S EMPIRE

- Modern city
- City
- ▲ Mountain peak
- ⚔ Battle
- ⊛ Siege
- ➔ Alexander's route
- Alexander's Empire



0 250 500 750 1000 Miles
 0 250 500 750 1000 Kilometers

Alexander visits the oracle of Zeus Ammon

Alexander secures Egypt and assumes the title of Pharaoh (332 B.C.)

Alexander captures ports vital to the Persian fleet

Alexander dies at the age of 33 (323 B.C.)

Alexander's army captures important Persian cities (331 B.C.)

Alexander wins major victory over Darius III (333 B.C.)

Alexander decisively defeats Darius III (331 B.C.)

Battle of Granicus River

The Chaotic Period

- Ptolemaic - 320-298 BC
- Syrian – 298-167 BC





Ptolemy and Seleucus were victorious at the battle of Ipsus, resulting in the death of Antigonus (301 B.C.)

Seleucus allied with Ptolemy against Antigonus' fighting many battles in the eastern Mediterranean

Antigonus initiates conflicts by attacking Ptolemy

Antigonus forces Seleucus to abandon Babylon

Sahara Desert

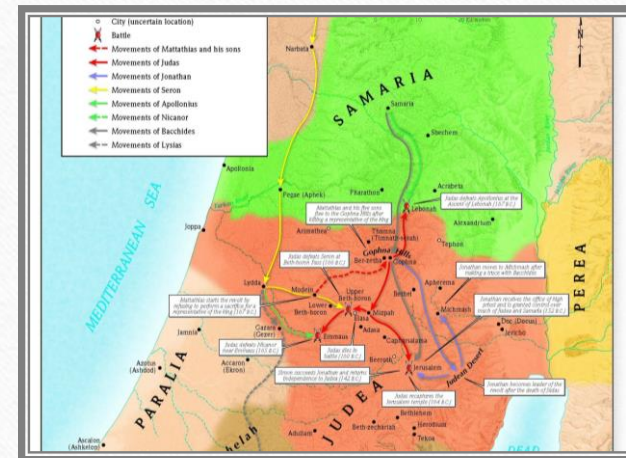
Syro-Arabian Desert

ARABIAN SEA (INDIAN OCEAN)

Mumbai (Bombay)

The Jewish Period

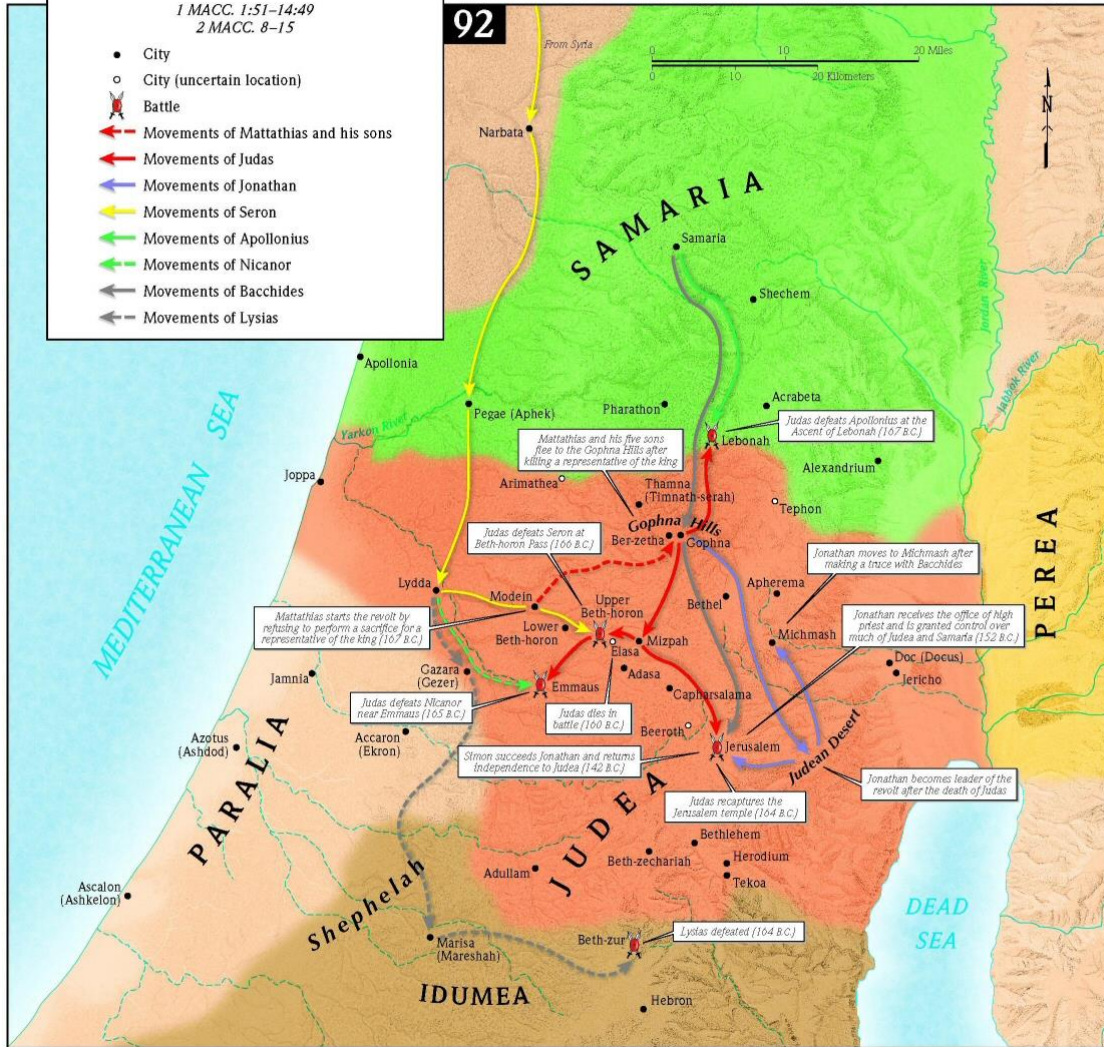
- The Maccabean Period – 167-142 BC
- The Hasmonean Period – 142-63 BC



SELECTED EVENTS IN THE MACCABEAN REVOLT (168–142 B.C.)

1 MACC. 1:51–14:49
2 MACC. 8–15

- City
- City (uncertain location)
- ⚔ Battle
- Movements of Mattathias and his sons
- Movements of Judas
- Movements of Jonathan
- Movements of Seron
- Movements of Apollonius
- Movements of Nicanor
- Movements of Bacchides
- Movements of Lysias



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JEWISH EXPANSION UNDER THE HASMONEAN DYNASTY

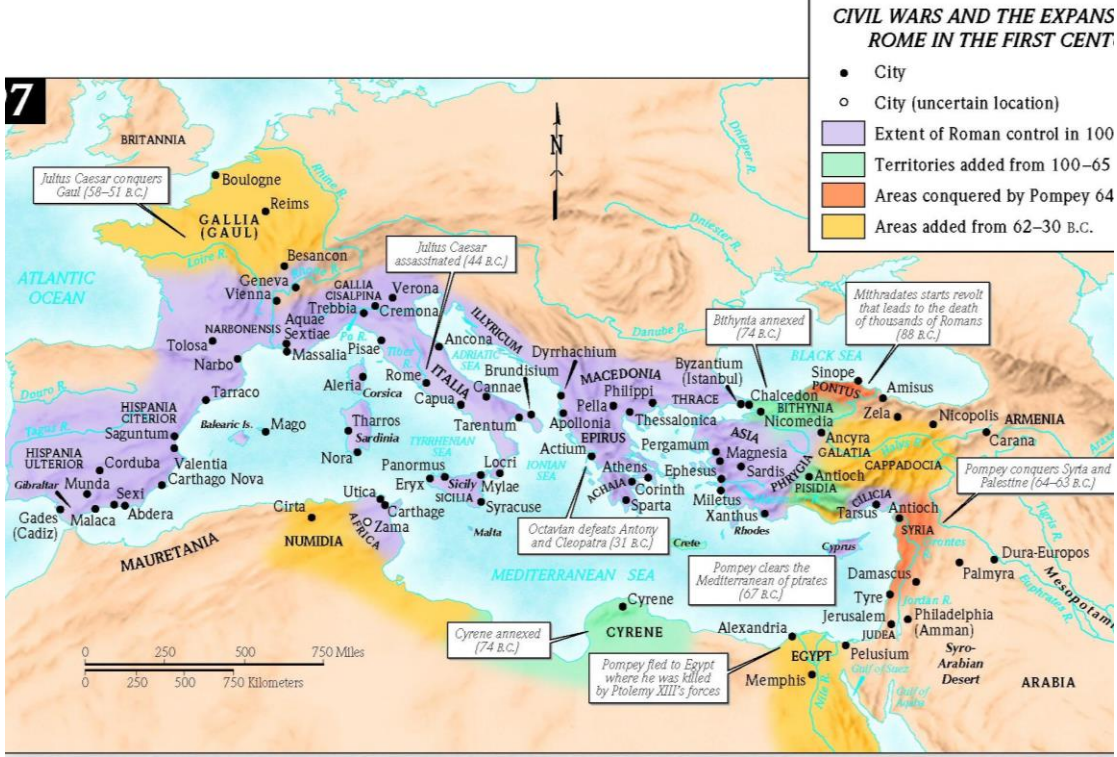
- City
- City (uncertain location)
- ▲ Mountain peak
- Judea before the Maccabean revolt
- Conquests of Jonathan
- Conquests of Simon
- Conquests of Hyrcanus I
- Conquests of Aristobulus I
- Conquests of Alexander Jannaeus



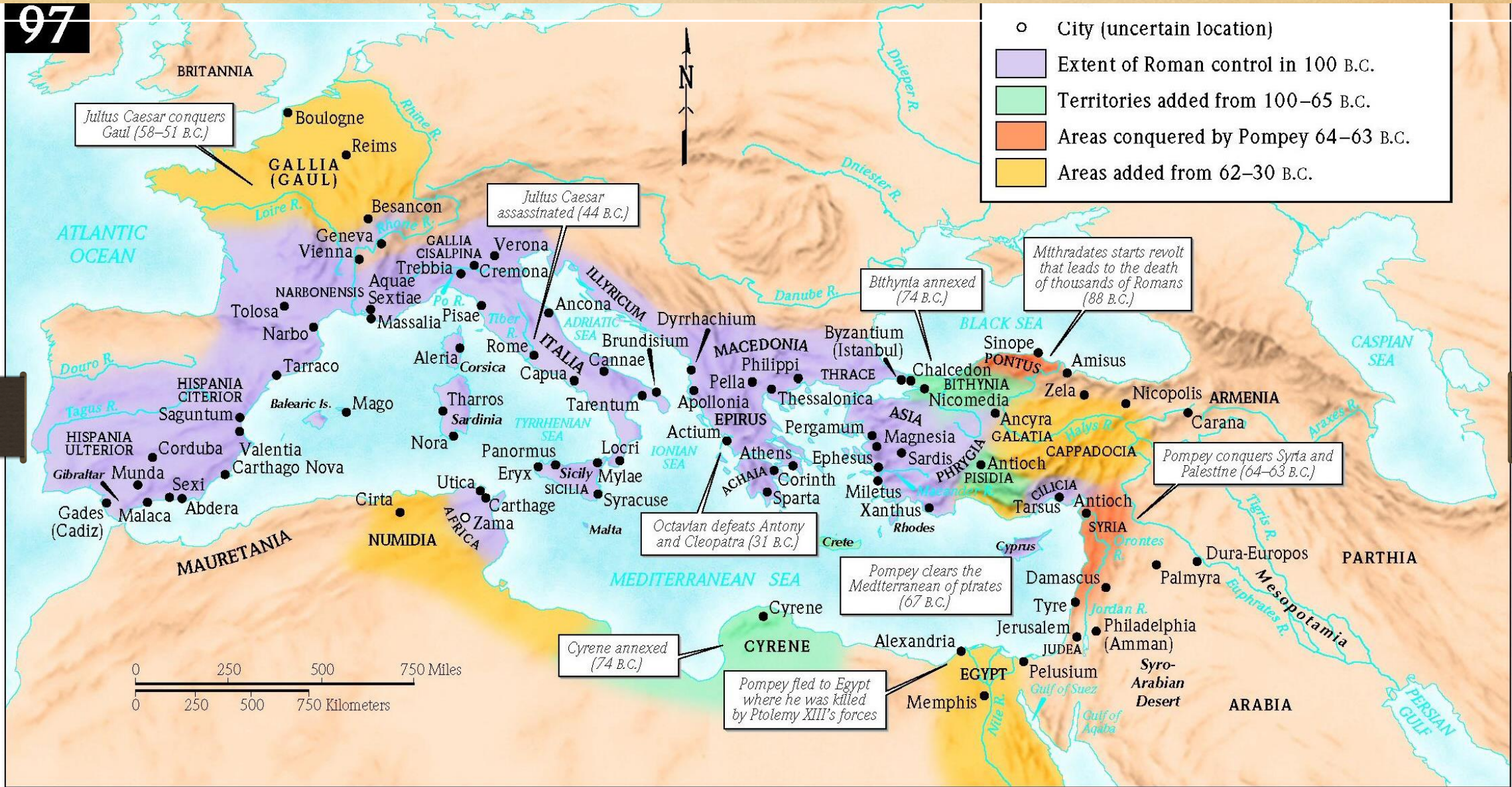
MEDITERRANEAN SEA

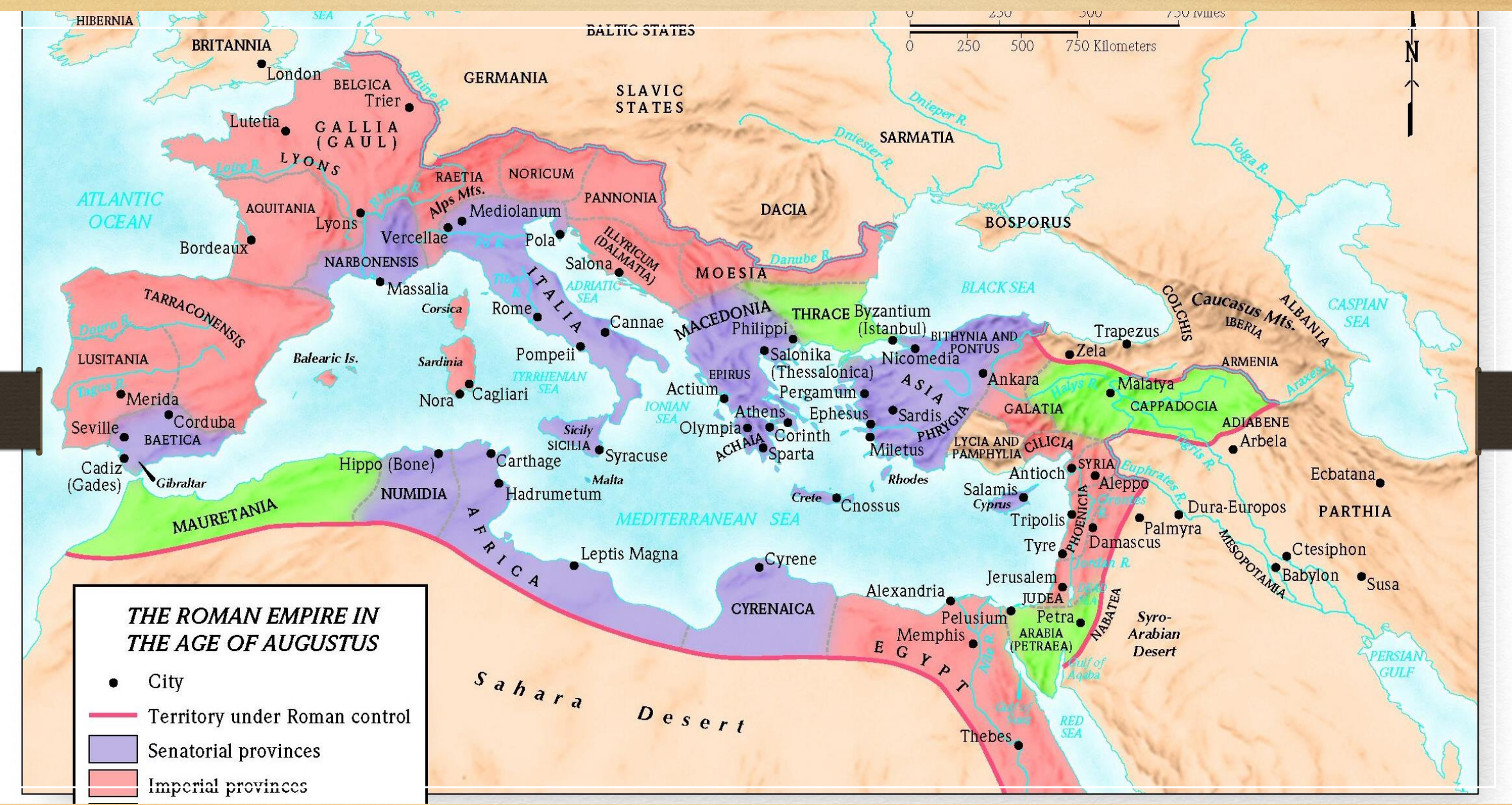
0 10 20 30 40 50 Miles
0 10 20 30 40 50 Kilometers

The Roman Period



- 63 BC – AD 70





THE ROMAN EMPIRE IN THE AGE OF AUGUSTUS

- City
- Territory under Roman control
- Senatorial provinces
- Imperial provinces

Sahara Desert

0 250 500 750 Miles
0 250 500 750 Kilometers

